

MultiSector Dynamics and Linkages with RGMA

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Program Manager
MultiSector Dynamics in
Earth and Environmental Systems Modeling

RGMA PI Meeting October 14, 2020

Goal

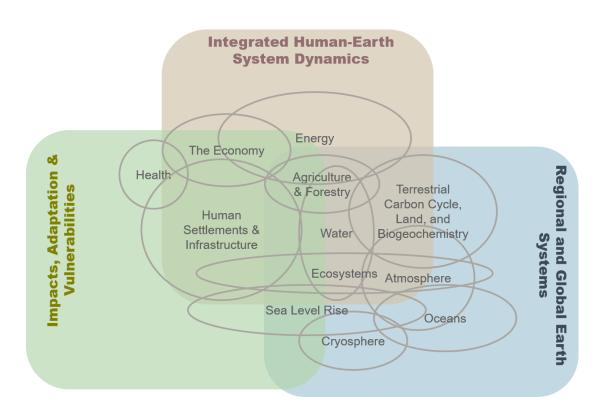
Explore the complex interactions and potential coevolutionary pathways within the integrated human-Earth system, including natural, engineered, and socioeconomic systems and sectors.

Strategic Objectives

- 1. Forces and Patterns. Reveal the combination of factors, varying by geographies, that contribute most significantly to *patterns of development in transregional, regional, and sub-regional landscape evolutions,* including interactions and interdependencies among natural and built environments and human processes and systems.
- 2. Stabilities and Instabilities. Identify the characteristics of interacting natural and built environments and human processes that lead to *stabilities* and *instabilities* across systems, sectors, and scales, and deliver new insights into the role of strong interdependencies, feedbacks, and compounding influences and stressors.
- **3. Foresight**. Explore how development patterns, stabilities, instabilities, and *systems* resilience may evolve within multisector, multi-scale landscapes as a result of *future forces, stressors, and disturbances...* and reveal what pathways, characteristics, and risk profiles may emerge from *both gradual and abrupt transitions*.

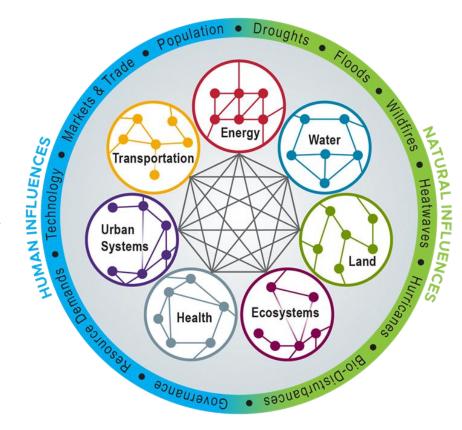
Somewhat iconic representations

Global Earth System Evolution



- Regional to Global
- Earth system drivers, impacts, and responses
- Energy and land

Regional Landscape Evolution



- Local to regional
- MSD and complex landscape evolution
- Multi-influence, multi-stressor
- Sectors, infrastructures, regional economies, natural resources

MSD Research Priorities









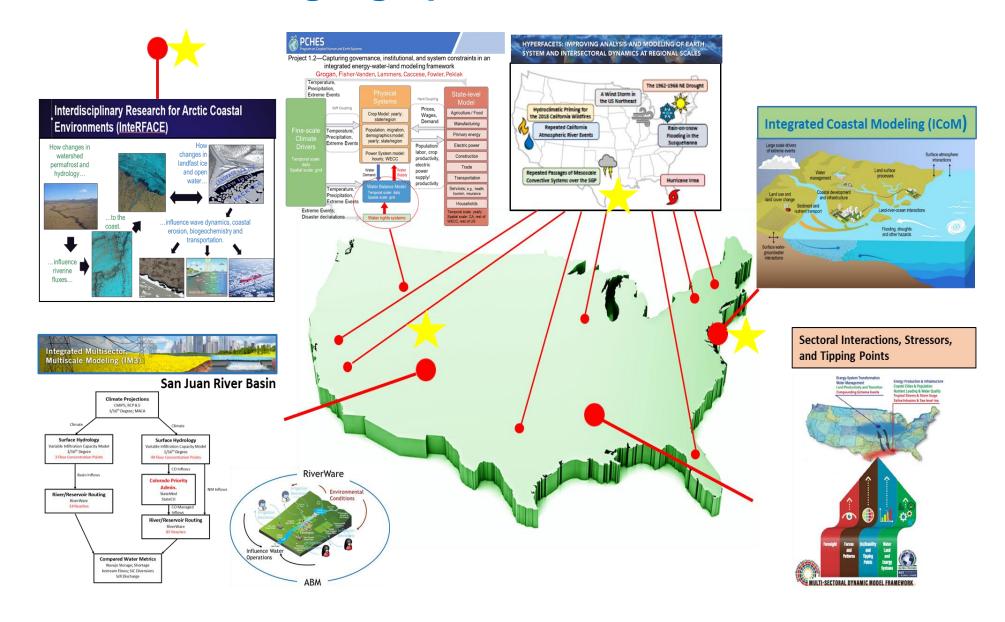


- Functional, collaborative community-of-practice and working group structure
- Hierarchical frameworks and use-inspired tools (emulators, sensitivity research, etc.)
- **Distributed science mechanisms** (i.e., open source models, software couplers, interoperability, modular methods, community data and computation
- Complexity theory and science (networks, collective behavior, evolution and adaptation, pattern formation, systems theory, machine learning, etc.)
- Scenario methods and development with implications for uncertainty framing/analysis, complex storylines, modeling experiments, and more.
- Model resolution and fit-for-purpose process details across spatial and temporal scales (e.g., energy, water, land, economics, population, land use, technology
- **Significant coupled systems behaviors**, such as found among energy, water, land and socioeconomic systems with non-linear responses, e.g., induced by extremes

MSD and **RGMA** Connections

- Specific geographies, topics (e.g., emulators, ML), and co-funded projects
- Natural drivers of human systems affecting global (e.g., agriculture and trade) to local scales (infrastructure hazards)
- Human drivers of natural Earth systems affecting global (e.g., LULCC and emissions) to local scales (e.g., urban heat island)
- Both natural and human systems are "non-stationary"...and they interact dynamically and co-evolve
- More generally, increasing collaborations among MSD, RGMA, E3SM, and SBR
- Increasingly, MSD capabilities sought by other agencies (IHTM, C-IHTM, USGS workshop series)...and RGMA is a co-participant in many.

Some common geographies of interest



MSD Major Projects: National Lab SFAs/ and Projects and University **Collaborative Agreements**

- 1. Integrated Multi-sector, Multi-scale Modeling SFA (IM3)
- 2. Global Change Intersectoral Modeling System SFA (GCIMS)
- 3. Integrated Coastal Modeling (ICOM)*
- 4. Interdisciplinary Research for **Arctic Coastal Environments** (InteRFACE)*
- 5. Program on Coupled Human Earth Systems (PCHES) CA
- **6. Integrated Global Systems** Modeling (IGSM) CA
- 7. HyperFACETS*
 - * Collaborative program funding



SFA PI: Jennie Rice



SFA PI: Mohamad Hejazi



PI: Ian Kraucunas



PI: Joel Rowland



CA PI: John Weyant/Karen Fisher-Vanden/Rob Nicholas



CA PI: Ron Prinn /John Reilly



CA PI: Paul Ullrich

Partners (examples):



















































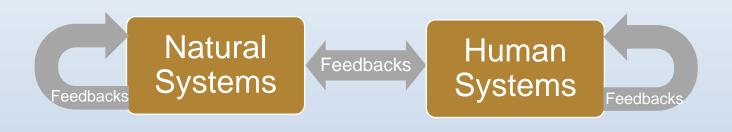


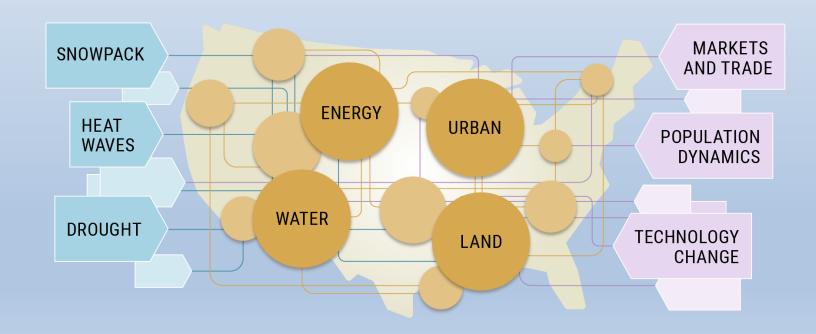






- Develop flexible, open-source, integrated modeling capabilities that capture the structure and dynamic behavior of the multiscale interactions within and between human and natural systems.
- Use these capabilities to study the evolution, vulnerability, and resilience of interacting human and natural systems and landscapes due to long-term influences and short-term shocks, from local to continental scales.
- **Explore how uncertainty** in data, model structure, model parameters, multi-model coupling strategies, and spatial and temporal resolutions influence projections of human-natural systems evolution.





Recent publications



2020

Impact of climate change on adaptive management decisions in the face of water scarcity

Yang, YCE, K Son, F Hung, and V Tidwell

Journal of Hydrology 588

> READ | DATASET



2020

River regulation alleviates the impacts of climate change on U.S. thermoelectricity production

Zhang X, H-Y Li, LR Leung, L Liu, MI Hejazi, BA Forman, and W Yigzaw

Journal of Geophysical Research: Atmospheres 125

> READ | HIGHLIGHT



2020

Inferred inflow forecast horizons guiding reservoir release decisions across the United States

Turner SWD, W Xu, and N Voisin

Journal of Hydrology and Earth System Sciences 24

> READ | DATASET



2019

Parameterizing perennial bioenergy crops in version 5 of the Community Land Model based on site-level observations in the central midwestern United States

Cheng Y, M Huang, M Chen, K Guan, C Bernacchi, B Peng, and Z Tan

Journal of Advances in Modeling Earth Systems 12

> READ | HIGHLIGHT



2019

Improving consistency among models of overlapping scope in multi-sector studies: The case of electricity capacity expansion scenarios

lyer GC, M Brown, SM Cohen, J Macknick, P Patel, M Wise, MC Binsted, and N Voisin

Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews 116

> READ



2019

Sensitivity of western U.S. power system dynamics to droughts compounded with fuel price variability

O'Connell M, N Voisin, J Macknick, and T Fu

Applied Energy 247
➤ READ | HIGHLIGHT



201

Interacting implications of climate change, population dynamics, and urban heat mitigation for future exposure to heat extremes

Vahmani P, AD Jones, and CM Patricola

Environmental Research Letters 14

> READ | HIGHLIGHT | DATASET



2019

A multi-layer reservoir thermal stratification module for Earth system models

Yigzaw W, H-Y Li, X Fang, LR Leung, N Voisin, MI Hejazi, and Y Demissie

Journal of Advances in Modeling Earth Systems 11

> READ | HIGHLIGHT



201

Calibration and analysis of the uncertainty in downscaling global land use and land cover projections from GCAM using Demeter (v1.0.0)

Chen M, CR Vernon, M Huang, KV Calvin, and I Kraucunas

Geoscientific Model Development 12

➤ READ | HIGHLIGHT



019

Choice of irrigation water management practice affects Indian summer monsoon rainfal land its extremes

Devanand A, M Huang, M Ashfaq, B Barik, and S Ghosh

Geophysical Research Letters 46(15)

> READ | HIGHLIGHT



19

Planning for sustained water-electricity resilience over the U.S.: Persistence of current water-electricity operations and long-term transformative plans

Voisin N, V Tidwell, M Kitner-Meyer, and F Boltz

Water Security 7
> READ | HIGHLIGHT



2019

A multi-scale calibration approach for processoriented aggregated building energy demand models

Taylor ZT, Y Xie, CD Burleyson, N Voisin, and I Kraucunas

> READ | HIGHLIGHT



201

The nonlinear response of storm surge to sealevel rise: A modeling approach

Wang T, and Z Yang

Journal of Coastal Research 35(2)
➤ READ | HIGHLIGHT



201

Implications of water management representations for watershed hydrologic modeling in the Yakima River basin

Qiu J, Q Yang, X Zhang, M Huang, JC Adam, and K Malek

Hydrology and Earth System Sciences 23

> READ

10





- Focuses on long-term evolution of the coupled human-Earth system
- An integrated framework to investigate the interplay between influences, responses, and feedbacks
- Internally consistent, tightly coupled, computationally efficient framework
- Regional to global spatial scales and seasonal to multidecadal timescales
- Major research experiments:
 - Compounding Influences
 - Regional Teleconnections
 - Human Responses
 - Human–Earth System Feedbacks

		MARILAND
INFLUENCES	RESPONSES TO INFLUENCES	FEEDBACKS ON INFLUENCES
Drivers, inputs, and assumptions exogenous to GCAM	Human system dynamics and multisectoral linkages endogenous in GCAM	Effects of responses and other human-Earth system linkages on influences
Technology	Energy supply, demand, mix	Investment and prices from energ changes to economic activity
Population	Agricultural supply, trade	Emissions from energy, agriculture
Economic activity	Water supply, demand, allocation	and land use change to temp- erature and precipitation
Temperature	Cooling technology mix	
Precipitation	Land use change	Investment and prices from agriculture and land use to economic activity
Resource endowment	Land intensification	
Institutions & governance	Food demand	Biophysical effects from land use change to temperature and precipitation
Droughts	Forest trade	
Heatwaves	Energy trade	Emissions from permafrost thaw
	Food storage	to temperature and precipitation
Demographics	Energy storage	Evapotranspiration effects from water use to temperature and precipitation
Minerals availability	Water storage	
Wildfires	Minerals trade	Migration from temperature and sea level rise to population and demographics
Urbanization	Irrigation technology mix	
Flooding	Aquaculture & fisheries	Cryosphere changes from
Sea level rise	Materials (e.g., iron and steel) trade	temperature to sea level rise
Frieding	Maur/man a a d	Future (Ot uses)
Existing capability	New/proposed capability	Future (3+ years) capability
' '	' '	1 7



Recent Publications



Humans drive future water scarcity changes across all Shared Socioeconomic Pathways

Neal T Graham; Mohamad Hejazi; Min Chen; Evan G R Davies; James A Edmonds; Son H Kim; Sean Turner

Environmental Research Letters

READ



2020

100 years of data is not enough to establish reliable drought thresholds

Robert Link; Thomas B. Wild; Abigail Snyder; Mohamad Hejazi; Chris R. Vernon Journal of Hydrology X 7

READ | DATASET



2020

The Role of Climate Sensitivity in Upper-Tail Sea Level Rise Projections

B. Vega-Westhoff; Ryan Sriver; Corinnel Hartin; T. E. Wong; K. Keller

Geophysical Research Letters 47(6) READ



2020

Technical note: Deep learning for creating surrogate models of precipitation in Earth system models

Theodore Weber: Austin Corotan: Brian Hutchinson: Ben Kravitz: Robert Link Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics 20(4) READ



2020

The critical role of conversion cost and comparative advantage in modeling agricultural land use change

Xin Zhao; Katherine Calvin; Marshall Wise Climate Change Economics 11(1) READ



2020

Moirai Version 3: A Data Processing System to Generate Recent Historical Land Inputs for Global Modeling Applications at Various Scales

Alan Di Vittorio; Chris R. Vernon; Shijie Shu Journal of Open Research Software 8 READ



Implications of water constraints on electricity capacity expansion in the **United States**

Lu Liu; Mohamad Hejazi; Gokul Iyer; Barton A. Forman

Nature Sustainability 2(3)

READ | HIGHLIGHT



Impacts of Observational Constraints Related to Sea Level on Estimates of Climate Sensitivity

Benjamin Aaron Vega-Westhoff; Ryan Sriver; Corinne Hartin; Tony E. Wong; Klaus Keller Earth's Future 7(6)

READ | HIGHLIGHT



A Global Hydrologic Framework to Accelerate Scientific Discovery

Chris R. Vernon; Mohamad Hejazi; Sean Turner; Yaling Liu; Caleb J. Braun; Xinya Li; Robert Link Journal of Open Research Software 7() READ | HIGHLIGHT



2019

Representing power sector detail and flexibility in a multi-sector model

Marshall Wise; Pralit Patel; Zarrar Khan; Son H Kim; Mohamad Hejazi; Gokul Iyer Energy Strategy Reviews 26 READ



2019

A crop yield change emulator for use in GCAM and similar models: Persephone v1.0

Abigail Snyder; Katherine Calvin; Meridel Phillips; Alex C. Ruane

Geoscientific Model Development 12(4) **READ | HIGHLIGHT**

v2.0 software description Abigail Snyder; Robert Link; Kalyn Dorheim; Ben Kravitz; Ben Bond-Lamberty; Corinne

Joint emulation of Earth System Model

temperature-precipitation realizations

with internal variability and space-time

and cross-variable correlation: fldgen

Hartin

2019

PLOS ONE 14(10) READ | HIGHLIGHT



IM3 and GCIMS in Context

IM3 SFA

GCIMS SFA

•	Mechanistic understanding of stressors, vulnerabilities, resilience, and
	transformations in complex <u>human-environmental landscapes</u>
	consisting of sectors, infrastructures, resources, and the natural environment.

Local to Regional

- Teaming with RGMA for fine-scale analyses of local/regional interactions/dynamics (e.g., Hyperfacets) and with SBR for Watersheds and IHTM
- Physics based models as well as agent-based, decision-theoretic models
- Integration and testing of best-in class component models (cross-agency)...and substitutability... within flexible, interoperable modeling frameworks
- PNNL Richland, WA led multi-institutional team
- 4 year history with rapidly growing domestic following, interagency interest/engagement, and emergence as a recognizable center of excellence
- FY20 \$4.6 M

Focus

Scale

Focus-Relevant Partnerships

Model Structure

Methods

Leadership

History

Resources

 Understanding human drivers, responses, and feedbacks in global <u>Earth system</u> evolution, with a focus on energy, water cycle, land, and biogeochemistry.

Regional to Global

- Teaming with ESM for inclusion of humans in E3SM
- Economic models with more detailed physical system emulators of energy, water, land, biogeochemistry, and climate components.
- Single leadership class model (GCAM) and IHESD-developed components that are fit-for-purpose.
- JGCRI (PNNL and UMD) College Park, MD led multi-institutional team
- 25 + year development with major domestic and international following and model training program
- FY20 \$4.5 M

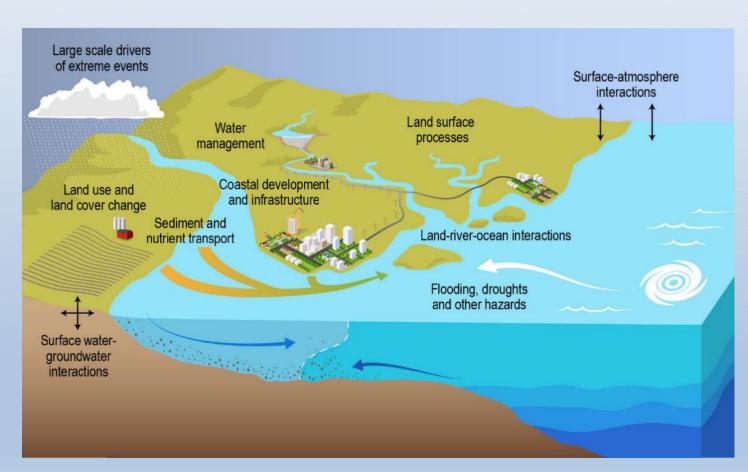




UCDAVIS

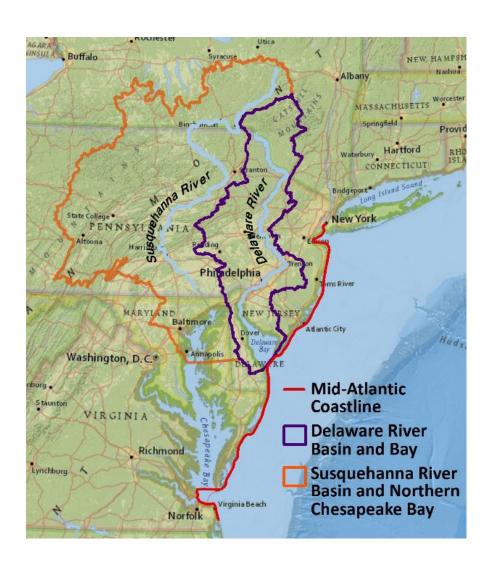
Goal: To deliver a robust predictive understanding of coastal evolution that accounts for the complex, multiscale interactions among physical, biological, and human systems.

- **Pacific Northwest National Laboratory led multi**institutional team (LANL a strong participant)... >40% funding awarded by PNNL to others
- Mid-Atlantic regional focus ... existing DOE capabilities, complex systems interactions, extensive data, and converging interagency activities
- **\$16.2M** over three years (\$5.4M/yr)
- A "federated" approach spanning four distinct program areas within DOE's CESD; requires foundational work in each area and substantial crosscut modeling work.
- Informs potential follow-on observational and experimental work.





Project components and study region



Cross-Cutting Topics

Long-term changes in flooding, drought, hypoxia, and other coastal hazards
Impacts of urbanization, development, and other land use changes on coastal systems

Large-scale drivers of storms, droughts, and other extreme events

Influence of surfaceatmosphere interactions on extreme events

Influence of land surface process on land-atmosphere interactions

Regional & Global Modeling & Analysis (RGMA) Interactions between coastal development, critical infrastructure, and natural systems

Probabilistic natural hazard characterization

Ability of adaptation to reduce risk or enhance resilience

MultiSector Dynamics (MSD)

Earth system drivers of coastal flooding

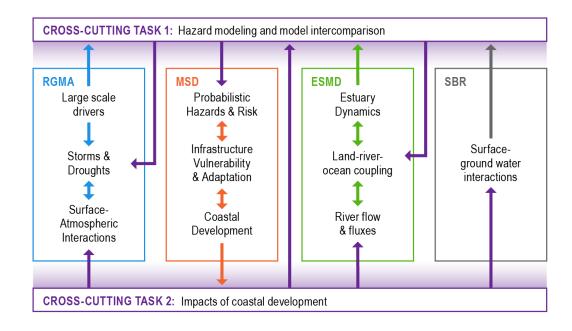
Land-river-ocean interactions affecting coastal salinity gradients

Controls on fate and transport of sediment and nutrients

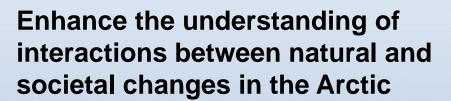
Earth System Model
Development
(ESMD)

Influence of surface water – groundwater interactions and lateral flow on coastal flooding

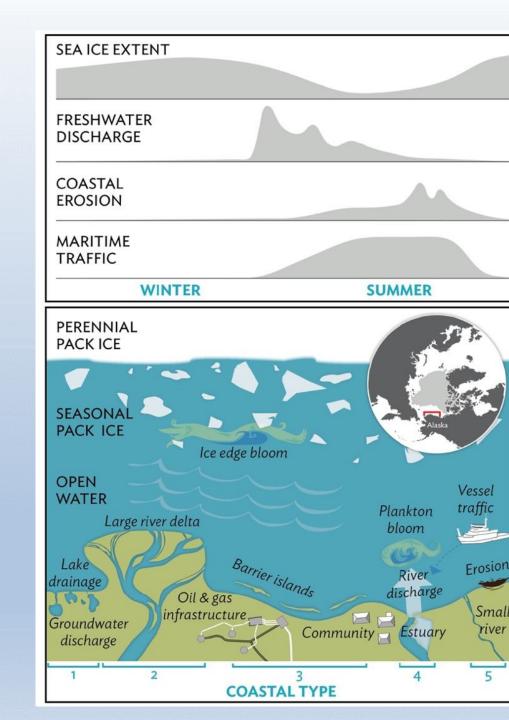
Subsurface Biogeochemistry Research (SBR)







- Co-evolution of transportation, resources development, and human systems
- Critical thresholds in this co-evolution and effects on the economy and communities
- Links of Arctic evolution to broader global dynamics





Significant Environmental Influences on Oil and Gas Development in the Arctic

Warming air and water temperatures

Ecosystem change with potential for more conflict between subsistence, conservation, oil and gas activities, and ownership (rights)

Sea ice

Affects shipping and multiple forms of transportation, subsistence hunting activity, coastal erosion

Winds & storm inundation

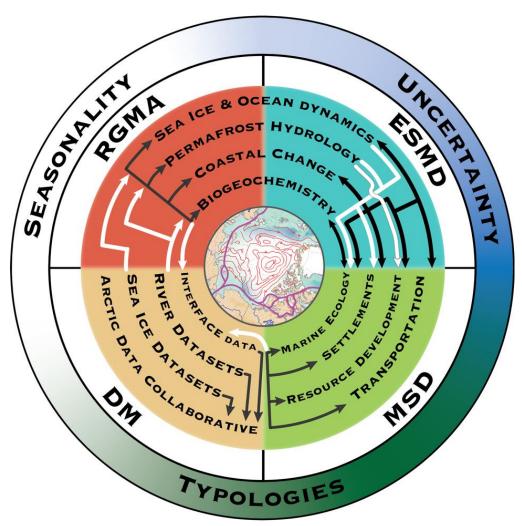
Affects coastal erosion rates and storm inundation damages infrastructure, impacts to subsistence hunting activity, danger to housing and community infrastructure

Permafrost thaw

Industry and civil infrastructure damage, food security impacts, release of methane, disease potential

Coastal flooding

Infrastructure damage, transportation disruption, cultural dislocation (e.g. burial sites, sacred locations)





PennState

Stanford
University

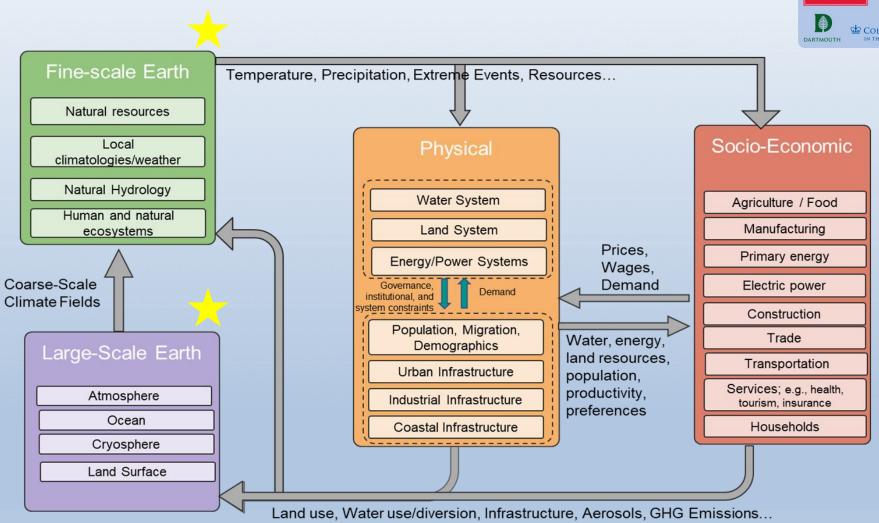
TEXAS
University

PURDUE
UNIVERSITY

DARTMOUTH

PURDUE
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Goal: To build a next generation integrated suite of sciencedriven modeling and analytic capabilities, and a more expanded and connected community of practice, for analyses of compound stressors related to integrated Energy-Water-Land systems dynamics and interdependent infrastructures.





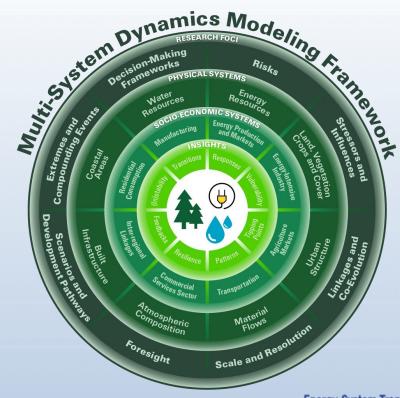
An Integrated Framework for Modeling Multi-System Dynamics

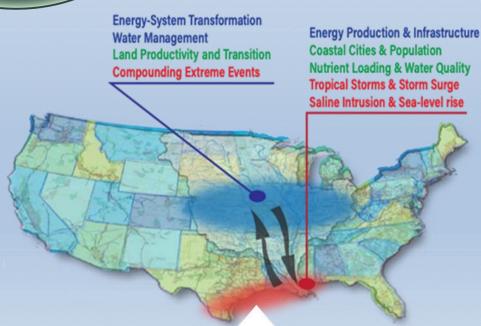
Goal: Develop a multi-system modeling framework to explore compounding stressors and tipping points at regional scales

Focus on:

Forces and patterns
Stabilities, instabilities, tipping points
Foresight and resilience

https://globalchange.mit.edu/research/researchprojects/integrated-framework-modeling-multi-system-dynamics









University of California Davis

i, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory





Goals

1. Advance our <u>understanding</u> of processes at the atmosphere-water-energy-land interface.

2. Fundamentally improve our <u>ability to perform</u> credible climate modeling of particular regions and the processes relevant to those regions.

3. Strengthen stakeholder input in model development and evaluation. Engage effectively in **co-production:** Together enforcing the science and meeting real needs.

Process and Continuous Engagement

How are stakeholders using climate data? What are stakeholder needs for climate data?

Stakeholder Engagement

How credible and salient are Earthsystem models and available datasets for stakeholder need? Use-Inspired Metrics

Expert Guidance

How well do Earth-system models, integrated human-Earth system models, and available datasets perform for relevant quantities?

Process Understanding

What are the drivers and processes that are most important for ensuring model performance?

What role does human activity (GHG emissions vs. land-use) play in affecting these quantities?

https://climate.ucdavis.edu/hyperfacets/

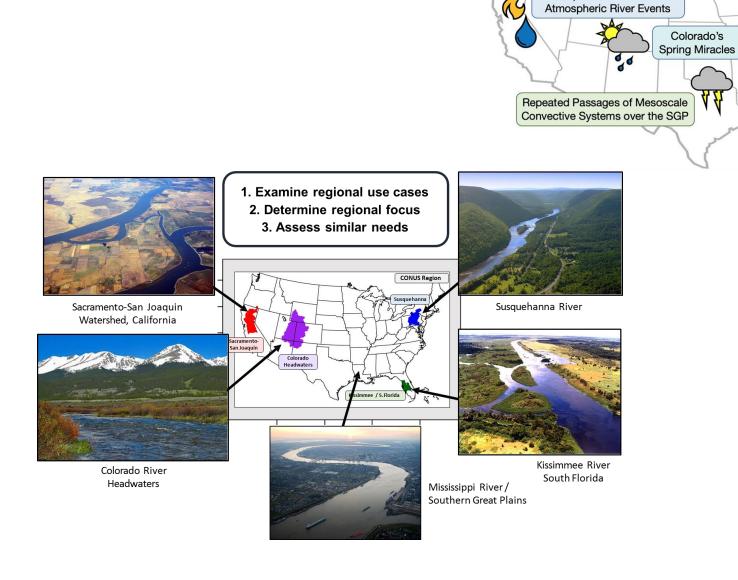


Study regions and storylines

Leverage ongoing stakeholder relationships in key case study regions.

Understand priorities and overlapping interests among stakeholders.

Understand needs for planning and decision-making in each region.



The 1962-1966 NE Drought

Rain-on-snow Flooding in the

Susquehanna

Hurricane Irma

A Wind Storm in

the US Northeast

Colorado's

Hydroclimatic Priming for the

2018 California Wildfires

Repeated California

